



CITY OF CEDAR SPRINGS CEDAR SPRINGS, MICHIGAN

41-2010

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2004



Michigan Deptartment of Treasury 496 (2-04)

Auditing Procedures Report

RECEIVED DEPT. OF TREASURY
JAN 0 3 2005
LOCAL AUDIT & FINANCE DIV.

Issued under P.A. 2 of 1968, as	s amended	Small	
Local Government Type X City Township		Local Government Name CITY OF CEDAR SPRINGS	County KENT COUNTY
Audit Date JULY 23, 2004	Opinion Date JULY 16, 20	Date Accountant Report Submitted to State: DECEMBER 28, 2004	

We have audited the financial statements of this local unit of government and rendered an opinion on financial statements prepared in accordance with the Statements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) and the *Uniform Reporting Format for Financial Statements for Counties and Local Units of Government in Michigan* by the Michigan Department of Treasury.

We affirm that:

- 1. We have complied with the Bulletin for the Audits of Local Units of Government in Michigan as revised.
- 2. We are certified public accountants registered to practice in Michigan.

We further affirm the following. "Yes" responses have been disclosed in the financial statements, including the notes, or in the report of comments and recommendations

You must check the applicable box for each item below. 1. Certain component units/funds/agencies of the local unit are excluded from the financial statements. Yes 2. There are accumulated deficits in one or more of this unit's unreserved fund balances/retained earnings (P.A. Yes 275 of 1980). 3. There are instances of non-compliance with the Uniform Accounting and Budgeting Act (P.A. 2 of 1968, as ີ Yes X No amended). 4. The local unit has violated the conditions of either an order issued under the Municipal Finance Act or its Yes X No requirements, or an order issued under the Emergency Municipal Loan Act. 5. The local unit holds deposits/investments which do not comply with statutory requirements. (P.A. 20 of 1943, Yes X No as amended [MCL 129.91], or P.A. 55 of 1982, as amended [MCL 38.1132]). 6. The local unit has been delinquent in distributing tax revenues that were collected for another taxing unit. X No Yes The local unit has violated the Constitutional requirement (Article 9, Section 24) to fund current year earned 7. pension benefits (normal costs) in the current year. If the plan is more than 100% funded and the overfunding X No Yes credits are more than the normal cost requirement, no contributions are due (paid during the year). 8. The local unit uses credit cards and has not adopted an applicable policy as required by P.A. 266 of 1995 Yes X No (MCL 129.241). 9. The local unit has not adopted an investment policy as required by P.A. 196 of 1997 (MCL 129.95). Yes

We have enclosed the following:	Enclosed	To Be Forwarded	Not Required
The letter of comments and recommendations.			Х
Reports on individual federal financial assistance programs (program audits).			X
Single Audit Reports (ASLGU).			Х

Certified Public Accountant (Firm Name) REHMANN ROBSON			
Street Address 2330 EAST BARIS AVE SE	GRAND RAPIDS	State MI	^{ZIP} 49516
Accountant Signature		Date DECEI	MBER 28, 2004

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

July 23, 2004

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Cedar Springs, Michigan

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Cedar Springs, Michigan (the "City"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2004, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the management of the City of Cedar Springs, Michigan. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented components units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Cedar Springs, Michigan as of June 30, 2004, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof and the budgetary comparison for the general fund for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated July 23, 2004 on our consideration of the City of Cedar Springs's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and should be read in conjunction with this report in considering the results of our audit.

As described in Note 9, the City adopted the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement Nos. 34, 37, and 38 and GASB Interpretation 6 as of July 1, 2003. This results in a change to the City's format and content of the basic financial statements.

The Management's Discussion and Analysis on pages 3-12 is not a required part of the basic financial statements but is supplementary information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Cedar Springs' basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the City of Cedar Springs basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of basic financial statements and, in our opinion, are fairly presented, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Rehmann Loham

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Management's Discussion and Analysis

As management of the City of Cedar Springs, we offer readers of the City of Cedar Spring's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2004. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that is furnished in the financial statements and notes to the financial statements.

Financial Highlights

- The City's commitment to public safety was supported by over 29% of general fund expenditures.
- The main street reconstruction project featuring more than \$1,950,000 in improvements to the downtown area along Main Street was completed.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City of Cedar Spring's financial statements. The City's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide financial statements. The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net assets presents information on all of the City's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net assets. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the government's net assets changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City of Cedar Springs that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the City include general government administration, police and fire services, public works including major and local street maintenance and recreation and cultural activities. The business-type activities of the City include sewer and water services.

The government-wide financial statements include not only the City of Cedar Springs itself (known as the *primary government*), but also a legally separate Downtown Development Authority and Local Development Finance Authority for which the City is financially accountable. Financial information for these *component units* are reported separately from the financial information presented for the primary government itself.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 13-15 of this report.

Fund financial statements. A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City of Cedar Springs, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The City maintains ten individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the general, West Side Paving, and Main Street Reconstruction funds, each of which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other seven governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of *combining statements* elsewhere in this report.

The City adopts an annual appropriated budget for its general and special revenue funds. Budgetary comparison statements or schedules have been provided herein to demonstrate compliance with those budgets.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 16-20 of this report.

Proprietary funds. The City of Cedar Springs maintains three proprietary funds. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City of Cedar Springs uses enterprise funds to account for its sewer and water operations. Internal service funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs of its motor vehicle and equipment usage internally among the City's various functions. Because these services predominately benefit governmental rather than business-type functions, they have been included within governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the sewer and water operation, of which both are considered to be major funds of the City of Cedar Springs.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 21-23 of this report.

Fiduciary funds. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are *not* reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are *not* available to support the City's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds.

The basic fiduciary fund financial statement can be found on page 24 of this report.

Notes to the financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 25-39 of this report.

Other information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain *required supplementary information*. This is limited to this management discussion and analysis.

The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with nonmajor governmental funds are presented immediately following the notes to the financial statements. Combining and individual fund statements and schedules can be found on pages 40-52 of this report.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net assets may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the City of Cedar Springs, assets exceeded liabilities by \$7,957,951 at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

A portion of the City's net assets reflects unrestricted net assets which are available for future operation while a significant portion of net assets is invested in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, vehicles, equipment and infrastructure), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are *not* available for future spending. Although the City investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

Because this is the first year of implementation of Government Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 34, which requires this new reporting model, the following tables present only current year data. In future years, when prior-year information is available, comparative analysis of government-wide data will be presented.

City of Cedar Springs Net Assets

	Governmental <u>activities</u>	Business-type <u>activities</u>	<u>Total</u>
Current and other assets	\$ 2,112,536	\$ 914,158	\$ 3,226,694
Capital assets	2,354,764	9,337,240	11,492,004
Total assets	4,467,300	10,251,398	14,718,698
Long-term liabilities outstanding	2,414,592	4,031,000	6,445,592
Other liabilities	154,306	161,891	316,197
Total liabilities	2,568,898	4,192,891	6,761,788
Net assets:		, ,	-,,
Invested in capital assets, net			
of related debt	(101,240)	5,035,240	4,900,667
Restricted	912,499	•	912,499
Unrestricted	1,088,185	1,023,267	2,111,452
Total net assets	\$ 1,899,444	\$ 6,058,507	\$ 7,957,951

Net assets of the City increased by \$197,049. The business-type activities increase in net assets of \$40,978 was primarily due to the results of operations. The governmental activities increase in net assets of \$156,071 is the result of estimated useful lives utilized in calculating depreciation and the relationship of expenditures to governmental activities revenues.

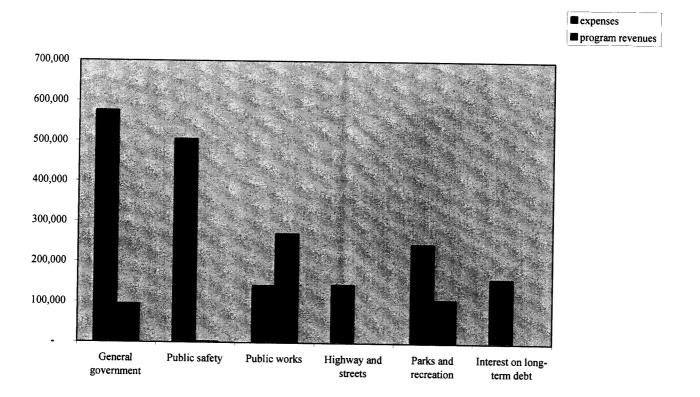
City of Cedar Springs Changes in Net Assets

Revenue:	Governmental <u>activities</u>	Business-type activities	Total
Program revenue:			
Charges for services	\$ 421,986	6 041 052	
Operating grants and contributions	60,758	\$ 941,862	\$ 1,363,848
Capital grants and contributions	18,632	•	60,758
	501,376	-	18,632
General revenue:	301,370	941,862	1,443,238
Property taxes	1,049,264		
Other governmental sources		•	1,049,264
Other	396,636 35.275	•	396,636
Total revenue	35,375	9,413	44,788
Expenses:	1,982,650	951,275	2,933,925
General government	600.000		
Public safety	630,953	-	630,953
Public works	510,818	-	510,818
Highway and streets	141,614	-	141,614
Recreation and cultural	144,854	-	144,854
Interest on long-term debt	245,709	-	245,709
Sewer	99,216	-	99,216
Water	-	638,693	638,693
otal expenses		325,019	325,019
_	1,773,164	963,712	2,736,876
ncrease (decrease) in net assets before special			
items and transfers	209,486	(12,437)	107.040
ransfers	(53,415)	•	197,049
acrease (decrease) in net assets		53,415	
et assets - beginning of year	156,071	40,978	197,049
- region - peginning of year	1,743,373	6,017,529	7,760,902
et assets - end of year	\$ 1,899,444	\$ 6,058,507	\$ 7,957,951

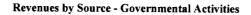
Governmental activities

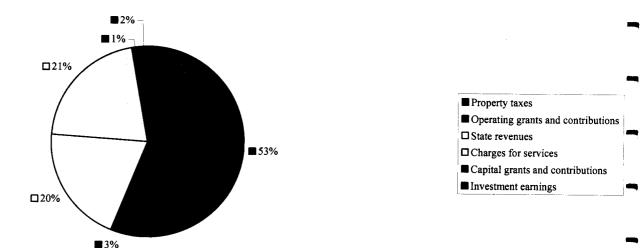
During the year, the City continued its emphasis in public safety by investing \$510,818 or 29% of governmental activities expenses. Recreation and cultural was 14% of governmental activities expenses while general government, public works, highway and streets and interest on long-term debt made up the remaining 57% of governmental activities expenses.

Expenses and Program Revenues - Governmental Activities



Revenues by Source - Governmental Activities

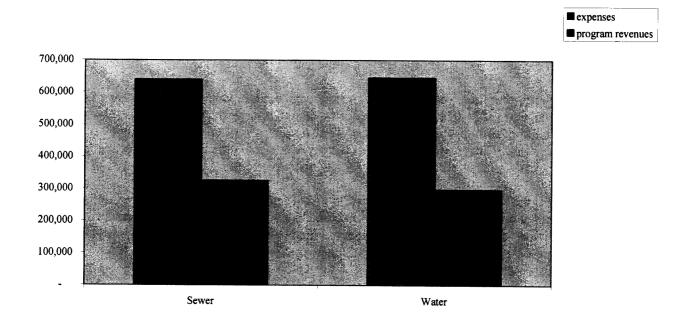




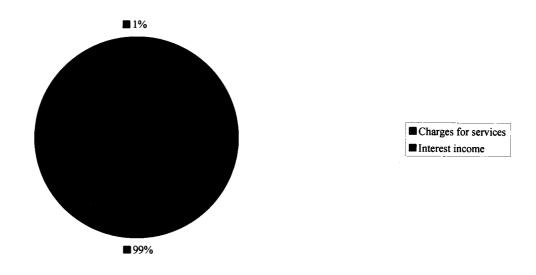
Business-type activities. Business-type activities increased the City's net assets by \$40,978. By comparison, business-type activities reported a decrease in net assets the previous fiscal year of approximately \$487,932. Key elements of this increase are as follows:

- Charges for services for business-type activities increased by 8 percent, or roughly \$70,584, compared to the prior year. This is a result of increased usage (i.e., volume) for the water and sewer system.
- Expenses decreased 26%, or approximately \$270,000, primarily due to a maintenance charge for the lagoon in prior year.
- In prior year, the transfers to other funds totaled \$259,000 which was primarily used to fund capital projects.

Expenses and Program Revenues - Business-type Activities



Revenues by Source - Business-type Activities



Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$1,751,626, a decrease of \$1,072,931 in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 99 percent of this total amount (\$1,736,626) constitutes unreserved fund balance, which is available for spending at the government's discretion. The remainder of fund balance is reserved to indicate that it is not available for new spending because it has already been committed for a Christmas tree fund.

The general fund is the chief operating fund of the City. At the end of the current fiscal year, unreserved fund balance of the general fund was \$453,512, while total fund balance was \$468,512. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare unreserved fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unreserved fund balance represents 34 percent of total general fund expenditures.

The fund balance of the City's general fund increased by \$94,125 during the current fiscal year. This is primarily attributable to growth in property tax base.

The major and local street funds have total fund balances of \$428,350, which increased by \$88,135 during the year.

Proprietary funds. The City's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government wide financial statements, but in more detail.

Unrestricted net assets of the sewer and water funds at the end of the year amounted to \$433,258 and \$486,664, respectively. The sewer fund had an increase in net assets for the year of \$38,066, whereas the water fund had an increase of \$2,912. Other factors concerning the finances of these two funds have already been addressed in the discussion of the City's business-type activities.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Differences between the original and final amended budgets for expenditures were relatively minor for the year.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital assets. The City's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business type activities as of June 30, 2004, amounted to \$11,492,004 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings and systems, improvements, machinery and equipment, and infrastructure. Capital assets for the City's governmental activities increased 109% due to the Main Street Reconstruction Project. Capital assets in the business-type activities decreased 1% on the current year.

Major capital asset events during the current fiscal year included the following:

- Main Street Reconstruction Project
- New Police Vehicle
- New Fine Screen for Sewer System

City of Cedar Springs Capital Assets

(net of depreciation)

	Governmental <u>activities</u>	Business- type <u>activities</u>	<u>Total</u>
Land	\$ 153,614	\$ -	\$ 153,614
Infrastructure	1,905,489		1,905,489
Buildings and system improvements	84,383	9,137,240	9,221,623
Vehicles and equipment	211,278		211,228
Total	\$ 2,354,764	\$ 9,137,240	\$ 11,492,004

Additional information on the City of Cedar Springs capital assets can be found in Note 3 on page 33 of this report.

Long-term debt. At the end of the current fiscal year, the City and its component units had total debt outstanding of \$6,726,338. Of this amount, \$4,102,000 was debt of business-type activities and \$2,489,338 was debt of governmental activities.

General Obligation and Revenue Bonds

	Governmental <u>activities</u>	Business-type activities	<u>Total</u>
Accrued employee benefits	\$ 33,334	\$ -	\$ 33,334
Notes	16,004	-	16,004
Bonds	2,440,000	4,102,000	6,542,000
Total	\$ 2,489,338	\$ 4,102,000	\$ 6,591,338

The City's total debt decreased by \$133,546 (2 percent) during the current fiscal year.

The City is currently not rated for general obligation bond issuance.

State statutes limit the amount of general obligation debt a governmental entity may issue to 10 percent of its total assessed valuation. The current debt limitation for the City is \$7,297,847, which is considerably in excess of the City's outstanding general obligation debt of \$2,456,004.

Additional information on the City's long-term debt can be found in Note 7 on pages 35-37 of this report.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

The following factors were considered in preparing the City's budget for the 2004-05 fiscal year:

- Increased non-union employee wages cost of 1%.
- Increased health insurance cost of 25%.
- Increased property tax revenue of 4.3%.
- Decrease of approximately \$34,000 in state revenue sharing programs.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Finance Director, 66 South Main Street, Cedar Springs, Michigan, 49319.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS

JUNE 30, 2004

							COMPON	ENT UI	NITS
	PRIMARY G GOVERNMENTAL BUSIN			GOVERNME	NT	DOWNTOWN DEVELOPMENT		LOCAL DEVELOPMENT FINANCE	
		ACTIVITIES		CTIVITIES	TOTAL		THORITY	AUTHORITY	
Assets									
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,924,262	\$	751,818	\$ 2,676,080	\$	17,773	\$	218,270
Accounts receivable		12,961		99,570	112,531		-		-
Special assessment receivable		89,599		-	89,599		-		-
Due from other governmental units		74,193		-	74,193		-		-
Prepaid items and other assets		12,563		2,770	15,333		•		-
Capital assets									
Land		153,614		-	153,614		35,901		-
Other capital assets - net of depreciation		2,201,150		9,137,240	11,338,390		-		-
Restricted investments				260,000	260,000		-		
Total assets		4,468,342		10,251,398	14,719,740		53,674		218,270
Liabilities									
Accounts payable and accrued expenses		40,331		11,236	51,567		617		_
Accrued interest		35,554		79,655	115,209		1,570		_
Deferred revenue		3,675		,	3,675		1,570		
Noncurrent liabilities:		-,			3,0.0				_
Due within one year		74,746		71.000	145,746		65,000		
Due in more than one year		2,414,592		4,031,000	6,445,592		70,000		
Total liabilities		2,568,898		4,192,891	6,761,789		137,187		
Net Assets									
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted for:		(101,240)		5,035,240	4,934,000		(99,099)		-
Major Street		190,500		_	190,500		-		_
Local Street		291,850		-	291,850		-		
Library		47,558		-	47,558		-		_
Sidewalk		16,340		-	16,340		-		
Federal Community Development		86,808		_	86,808				_
Debt service		133,268		-	133,268		-		_
Perpetual care		, -			,				-
Nonexpendable		10.000			10,000		_		_
Expendable		121,175			121,175		_		_
Other purposes		15,000		-	15,000		_		<u>-</u>
Unrestricted		1,088,185		1,023,267	2,111,452		15,586		218,270
Total net assets	\$	1,899,444	\$	6,058,507	\$ 7,957,951	\$	(83,513)	\$	218,270

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2004

					PRO	GRAM REVEN	UES			
				CHARGES	0	PERATING RANTS AND		CAPITAL RANTS AND	NET	Γ (EXPENSE
Functions / Programs	E	(PENSES		R SERVICES		TRIBUTIONS	-	STRIBUTIONS		REVENUE
Primary government										
Governmental activities:										
General government	\$	630,953	\$	95,205	\$		S	_	e	(535,748)
Public safety		510,818	•	27,561	•	_	Ф	-	Ф	
Public works		141,614		270,796		_		•		(483,257) 129,182
Highways and streets		144,854		,		-		_		(144,854)
Recreation and culture		245,709		28,424		60,758		18,632		(137,895)
Interest expense		99,216		,		-		10,032		(99,216)
Total governmental activities		1,773,164		421,986		60,758		18,632	_	(1,271,788)
Business-type activities:								-		
Water		325,019		297,143		_				(22.076)
Sewer		638,693		644,719						(27,876) 6,026
Total business-type activities		963,712		941,862		_				(21,850)
Total primary government	<u>\$</u>	2,736,876	_\$	1,363,848	<u> </u>	60,758	\$	18,632	s	(1,293,638)
Component Unit activities:										
Downtown Development Authority	\$	31.084	\$	_	S		\$		•	(21.004)
Local Development Finance Authority		35,835			Ψ			•	-	(31,084) (35,835)
Total component units		66,919	\$	<u> </u>	\$	_	\$		\$	(66,919)

(Continued)

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES (CONCLUDED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2004

					COMPONENT UNITS				
	PRIMARY GOVERNMENT GOVERNMENTAL BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES ACTIVITIES TOTAL					DOWNTOWN DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY		LOCAL FINANCE DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY	
Changes in net assets Net (expense) revenue	\$ (1,2	271,788)	\$	(21,850)	\$ (1,293,638)	\$	(31,084)	\$	(35,835)
General revenues: Property taxes State revenues Interest and rental earnings Transfers - internal activities	´ 3	949,264 96,636 35,374 (53,415)		9,413 53,415	1,049,264 396,636 44,787		93,498 - 1,385		35,736 - 1,965
Total general revenues and transfers Change in net assets	1,4	27,859 56,071		62,828	1,490,687		94,883	-	37,701
Net assets, beginning of year, as restated Net assets, end of year	1,7	43,373 99,444		6,017,529 6,058,507	7,760,902 \$ 7,957,951		(147,312) (83,513)		1,866 216,404 218,270

(Concluded)

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

JUNE 30, 2004

ASSETS	GENERAL	WEST SIDE PAVING	MAIN STREET RECONSTRUCTION	OTHER GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	TOTAL
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 426,010	\$ 385,615	\$ -	\$ 884,365	\$ 1,695,990
Receivables:		,	•	001,505	Ψ 1,075,770
Accounts	9,286	-	-	3,675	12,961
Special assessments	-	-	-	89,599	89,599
Due from other governmental units	57,712	-	-	16,481	74,193
Prepaid expenses	9,692			2,179	11,871
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 502,700	\$ 385,615	<u>\$</u>	\$ 996,299	\$ 1,884,614
LIABILITIES AND FUND EQUITY					
LIABILITIES					
Accounts payable	\$ 34,188	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 5,526	\$ 39,714
Deferred revenue				93,274	93,274
TOTAL LIABILITIES	34,188			98,800	132,988
FUND EQUITY					
Fund balance:					
Reserved for christmas trees	15,000	-	-		15.000
Unreserved - undesignated	453,512	385,615	-	-	839,127
Undesignated, reported in nonmajor					
Special revenue funds	-	•	-	633,056	633,056
Permanent funds	-	-	•	131,175	131,175
Debt service funds			-	133,268	133,268
TOTAL FUND EQUITY	468,512	385,615		897,499	1,751,626
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND EQUITY	\$ 502,700	\$ 385,615	<u> </u>	\$ 996,299	\$ 1,884,614

RECONCILIATION OF THE FUND BALANCES ON THE BALANCE SHEET FOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE NET ASSETS OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES ON THE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS

JUNE 30, 2004

Fund balances- total governmental funds	\$ 1.751.626
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:	\$ 1,751,626
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds. Add- land Add- capital assets net of depreciation Certain liabilities, such as bond payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.	153,614 2,201,150
Deduct- bonds payable Deduct- accrued interest Deduct- compensated absences	(2,456,004) (35,554) (33,334)
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as insurance and other centralized costs, to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of certain internal service funds are included in governmental activities Add- Internal service fund net assets Deduct- Capital assets accounted for in internal service funds, net of accumulated depreciation	312,007 (83,660)
Certain assets, such as special assessments receivable are not due and receivable in the current period and therefore are offset with deferred revenue in the fund statement Add- deferred revenue for special assessments Net assets of governmental activities	89,599 \$ 1,899,444

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2004

	GENERAI	WEST S		MAIN STREET RECONSTRUCTION	GOV	OTHER ERNMENTAI FUNDS	TOTAL
REVENUES							
Taxes	\$ 976,868	\$		\$ -	\$		
Special assessments		,	_	Ψ -	Þ	27,754	\$ 1,004,622
Licenses and permits	25,141		_	-		34,816	34,816
Intergovernmental revenue:	•			•		-	25,141
Federal	4,627		_				
State	383,560		_	-			4,627
Local			_	•		209,092	592,652
Charges for services	63,138		_	•		60,758	60,758
Fines and forfeits	11,303		_	•		-	63,138
Interest and rentals	20,640	94	LI				11,303
Other	56,732)-	- 1	6,966		6,827	35,374
			- -	<u>.</u>		39,604	96,336
TOTAL REVENUES	1,542,009	94	1				
	1,0 12,007		<u>' ' </u>	6,966		378,851	1,928,767
EXPENDITURES							
Current							
General government	433,165						
Public safety	579,392		-	•		-	433,165
Public works	53,877		-	-		-	579,392
Recreation and cultural	46,221		-	-		117,265	171,142
Other expenditures			-	-		129,823	176,044
Capital outlay	200,077		-	-		_	200,077
Debt service	•		-	1,227,062		-	1,227,062
Principal retirement							1,227,002
Interest and fiscal charges	6,046		-			55,000	61,046
and ribout offin gos	673		<u>.</u> .			99,682	_ 100,355
TOTAL EXPENDITURES						22,002	100,333
1011 EN ENDITORES	1,319,451		-	1,227,062		401,770	2 049 202
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES						401,770	2,948,283
TO TENOES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	222,558_	941		(1,220,096)		(22,919)	(1.010.616)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				(-)		(22,919)	(1,019,516)
Transfers in							
Transfers (out)	-	288,388		_		149,633	420.004
Transfers (out)	(128,433)			(326,803)			438,021
TOTAL OTHER PRINCES				(520,003)		(36,200)	(491,436)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	(128,433)	288,388		(326,803)		112 422	4
				(320,803)		113,433	(53,415)
NET OILLNOT TO THE							
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	94,125	289,329		(1,546,899)			
DVD ID ID ID I	,	207,527		(1,340,899)		90,514	(1,072,931)
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING OF YEAR	374,387	96,286		1.546.000			
•				1,546,899		806,985	2,824,557
FUND BALANCES, END OF YEAR	\$ 468,512	\$ 385,615		· -	<u> </u>	897,499	\$ 1,751,626

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2004

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ (1,072,931)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. Add - capital outlay Deduct - depreciation expense	1,274,291 (89,385)
Bond proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds in the period issued, but issuing bonds increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets. Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets.	
Add - principal payments on long-term debt	61,046
An internal service fund is used by management to charge the costs of certain services to individual governmental funds. The net revenue (expense) of the fund attributable to those funds is reported with governmental activities. Add - net income from internal service funds	14,608
Special assessments receivable are long-term in nature and are collectable over several years. However, the current receipts are reflected as revenues on the fund statements Add - decrease in special assessment	(28,275)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in the funds. Add - decrease in accrued interest Deduct - increase in the accrual for compensated absences	1,139 (4,422)
Change in net assets of governmental activities	\$ 156,071

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2004

	GENERAL FUND						
	ORIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANO POSITIVI (NEGATIV	Έ		
REVENUES				(201111)			
Taxes	\$ 924,500						
Licenses and permits	25,000		,	\$ 12,6	628		
Intergovernmental revenue:	23,000	25,000	25,141		141		
Federal							
State	242 000	4,666	.,	((39		
Charges for services	343,000	329,000	383,560	54,3			
Fines and forfeits	61,500	68,500	63,138	(5,3			
Interest and rentals	14,000	14,000	11,303	(2,6			
Other	34,000	19,000	20,640	1,6			
	37,075	63,075	56,732	(6,3			
TOTAL REVENUES	1,439,075	1,487,481	1,542,009	54,5			
EXPENDITURES					20		
Current							
General government							
Public safety	414,950	447,635	433,165	14.40	70		
Public works	582,800	601,608	579,392	14,47			
Recreation and cultural	56,800	54,800	53,877	22,21			
Other expenditures	33,125	48,425	46,221		23		
Debt service:	225,100	203,100	200,077	2,20			
	,	203,100	200,077	3,02	23		
Principal retirement	6,100	6,100	6046				
Interest and fiscal charges	700	700	6,046	-	54		
TOTAL DIVIDES		700	673	2	27		
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	1,319,575	1,362,368	1,319,451	42,91	17		
EVENUES OVER(UNDER) EXPENDITURES					<u> </u>		
	119,500	125,113	222,558	97,44	15		
THER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) ransfers in		_			<u> </u>		
ransfers (out)	•	-	-		_		
(- 4)	(129,000)	(129,000)	(128,433)	567	7		
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	(129,000)	(120,000)			_		
()	(129,000)	(129,000)	(128,433)	567	7		
ET CITALICE DANS TO THE				·	_		
ET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(9,500)	(3,887)	04 105				
DID DAY ASSESSMENT	(5,500)	(3,887)	94,125	98,012	2		
JND BALANCES, BEGINNING OF YEAR	374,387	374,387	274 207				
NID DAY 1970	<u> </u>	3/4,30/	374,387		<u>. </u>		
JND BALANCES, END OF YEAR	\$ 364,887	\$ 370,500	C 460 717		_		
	+ + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + 	φ 370,300	\$ 468,512	\$ 98,012	t.		

PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS

JUNE 30, 2004

	BUSII E	GOVERNMENTA ACTIVITIES INTERNAL		
CURRENT ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents	SEWER	WATER	TOTAL	SERVICE FUND
Accounts receivable Prepaid expenses	\$ 321,847 71,116 1,108	\$ 429,971 28,454 1,662	99,570	\$ 228,27
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS	394,071	460,087	854,158	228,96
RESTRICTED ASSETS Investments CAPITAL ASSETS	200,000	60,000	260,000	110,50
(Net of accumulated depreciation)	8,267,795	869,445	9,137,240	83,660
TOTAL ASSETS	8,861,866	1,389,532	10,251,398	312,62
CURRENT LIABILITIES Accounts payable LIABILITIES	6,813	4,423		
CURRENT LIABILITIES PAYABLE FROM RESTRICTED ASSETS Accrued interest		4,423	11,236	61
Current maturity of bond payable	50,655 46,000	29,000 25,000	79,655 71,000	
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES PAYABLE FROM RESTRICTED ASSETS	96,655 .	54,000	150,655	
LONG-TERM LIABILITIES Long-term debt - Net of current portion	3,331,000	700,000		-
TOTAL LIABILITIES	3,434,468	758,423	<u>4,031,000</u> <u>4,192,891</u>	
Net Assets Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted for debt service Unrestricted	4,890,795 103,345 433,258	144,445 - 486,664	5,035,240 103,345 919,922	83,660
TOTAL NET ASSETS		\$ 631,109		\$ 312,007

PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2004

	BUSI	GO	VERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES			
	F	ENTERPRISE FUNDS				
OPERATING REVENUES	SEWER	WATER	TOTAL		SERVICE FUND	
Charges for services	\$ 644,719	\$ 297,143	\$ 941,862	\$	101,658	
OPERATING EXPENSES		<u> </u>			101,038	
Personal services	56,361	05.000				
Benefits	18,944	85,025	141,386		24,115	
Professional and contractual services	,	28,909	47,853		13,827	
Materials and supplies	133,179	26,926	160,105		694	
Telephone	5,707	25,886	31,593		6,040	
Utilities	4,366	•	4,366		0,040	
Insurance and bonds	71,034	15,968	87,002		246	
Repairs and maintenance	9,556	1,897	11,453		4,230	
Rent	69,155	25,549	94,704		9,769	
Equipment rental		3,000	3,000		5,000	
Depreciation	3,022	17,924	20,946		5,000	
Miscellaneous	128,881	28,005	156,886		24.501	
	1,837	1,292	3,129		24,501	
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES	502,042	260,381	762,423	-	88,744	
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	142,677	36,762	179,439			
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) Interest					12,914	
Interest and fiscal charges	4,811	4.602	9,413		1.004	
Transfers in	(136,651)	(64,638)	(201,289)		1,694	
Transfers out	27,229	51,186	78,415		-	
- remprove out		(25,000)	(25,000)		•	
TOTAL NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)	(104,611)	(33,850)	(138,461)		1.604	
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS	38,066	2,912	40.978	-	1,694	
NET ASSETS, BEGINNING OF YEAR	5 390 222	•	,		14,608	
NET ASSETS, END OF YEAR	5,389,332	628,197	6,017,529		297,399	
THE TRUE TEAK	\$5,427,398	\$ 631,109	\$6,058,507	<u>\$</u>	312,007	

PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2004

	BUSINE EN	ESS-TYPE ACTERPRISE F	CTIVITIES UNDS	GOVERNMENT ACTIVITIES INTERNAL
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Cash received from customers	SEWER	WATER	TOTAL	SERVICE FUND
Internal charges Cash payments to suppliers for goods and associate	\$ 648,748	\$ 293,199	\$ 941,947	*
cash payments to employees for services	(309,433) (75,305)	(121,838) (113,934)		101,6 (26,7' (37,94)
NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	264,010	57,427	321,437	36,94
CASH FLOWS FROM NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES Transfers out Transfers in	_	(25,000)	(25,000)	
	27,229	51,186	(25,000) 78,415	
NET CASH PROVIDED BY NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES	27,229	26,186	53,415	
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES Purchase of property, plant and equipment Principal paid on long-term debt	(52,400)		(52.400)	
Interest and fiscal charges	(44,000) (153,945)	(25,000) (35,638)	(52,400) (69,000) _(189,583)	
NET CASH USED IN CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES	(250,345)	(60,638)	(310,983)	
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Purchase of investments Interest income	-		·	
	4,811	(60,000) 4,602	(60,000) 9,413	1,694
NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN) INVESTING	4,811	(55,398)	(50,587)	1,694
NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	45,705	(32,423)	13,282	38,640
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, BEGINNING OF YEAR	276,142	462,394	729 526	
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, END OF YEAR			738,536 5 751,818	\$ 228.272
ASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Operating income (loss)				•
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities: Depreciation			· =12,437	\$ 12,914
Changes in operating assets and liabilities which provided (used) cash: Accounts receivable	128,881	28,005	156,886	24,501
Prepaid expenses Accounts payable	4,029 (1,108) (10,469)	(3,944) (1,662) (1,734)	85 (2,770) (12,203)	(692)
NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$ 264,010 \$		321,437 \$	223 36,946

FIDUCIARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS

JUNE 30, 2004

	AGENCY FUNDS
<u>ASSETS</u>	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,611
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	
LIABILITIES Accounts payable	\$ 2,611

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2004

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The City of Cedar Springs (the "City") was incorporated June 30, 1954 under the provisions of Act 279, P.A. 1909, as amended (Home Rule City Act). The City operates under a Council-Manager form of government and provides the following services as authorized by its charter: Public safety (police and fire), highways and streets, sanitation, health and social services, culture-recreation, public improvements, planning and zoning, and general administrative services.

The accounting policies of the City conform to generally accepted accounting principles. The following is a summary of the more significant policies:

The Reporting Entity

As required by generally accepted accounting principles, these financial statements present the City and its component units, entities for which the City is considered to be financially accountable. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of the City's operations, so data from these units are combined with data of the primary government. The City has no blended component units. Discretely presented component units, on the other hand, are reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements to emphasize they are legally separate from the City.

Discretely Presented Component Units

Downtown Development Authority – The members of the governing board of the Downtown Development Authority are appointed by the City Council. The budgets and expenditures of the Downtown Development Authority must be approved by the City Council. The City also has the ability to significantly influence operations of the Downtown Development Authority.

Local Development Finance Authority—The members of the governing board of the Local Development Finance Authority are appointed by the City Council. The budgets and expenditures of the Local Development Finance Authority must be approved by the City Council. The City also has the ability to significantly influence operations of the Local Development Finance Authority.

Complete financial statements for the component units are not separately prepared.

Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net assets and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the primary government is reported separately from certain legally separate component units for which the primary government is financially accountable.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2004

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include (1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and (2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. After March 1 of each year, the delinquent real property taxes are paid by the City to other units of government and the County is responsible for collecting any outstanding real property taxes as of that date. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service and accrued employee benefit expenditures are recorded only when payment is due.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2004

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Property taxes, intergovernmental revenue, charges for services and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Only the portion of special assessments receivable due within the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the City.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The West Side Paving Fund is the capital projects fund used to account for the financial resources and activities relating to that specific construction project.

The Main Street Reconstruction Fund is the capital projects fund used to account for the financial resources and activities relating to that specific construction project.

The City reports the following major proprietary funds:

Sewer Fund – This fund is used to account for the cost of collecting and treating wastewater. Revenues are chiefly from service charges to customers. These revenues are also used to pay principal and interest on revenue bonds and general obligation bonds which were used to finance improvements to the system.

Water Fund – The cost of providing water services to City residents is accounted for by this fund. Revenues are primarily from charges to customers for water usage. These revenues are used to pay operating costs and principal and interest on revenue bonds and general obligation bonds which were used to finance improvements to the system.

Additionally, the City reports the following fund types:

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

The Debt Service Fund accounts for the resources accumulated and payments made for principal, interest, and related costs on long-term debt of governmental funds. The City maintains one Debt Service Fund.

The *Internal Service Fund* is used to record the financing of goods or services by the City to other departments and funds or to other governmental units on a cost reimbursement basis. The City maintains one Internal Service Fund which is the Motor Vehicle Equipment Fund.

The *Permanent Fund* is used to record the activity of legal trusts for which the interest on the corpus provides funds for City cemetery operations.

Agency Funds are used to account for assets held by the City in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governments, and/or other funds.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2004

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Private-sector standards of accounting and financial reporting issued prior to December 1, 1989 generally are followed in both the government—wide and proprietary fund financial statements to the extent that those standards do not conflict with or contradict guidance of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. Governments also have the option of following subsequent private-sector guidance for their business-type activities and enterprise funds, subject to this same limitation. The government has elected not to follow subsequent private-sector guidance.

As a general rule the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are payments-in-lieu of taxes and other charges between the City's water and sewer function and various other functions of the government. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Proprietary funds distinguish *operating* revenues and expenses from *nonoperating* items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the enterprise funds are charges for services. Operating expenses for the enterprise funds include depreciation on capital assets, labor, supplies and contracted services. All revenues and expenses are not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

Budgets are adopted for general and special revenue funds on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The City follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. The City Manager submits to the City Council a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1.
- 2. Public hearings are conducted to obtain taxpayer comments.
- 3. The budget is legally enacted through passage of a resolution.
- 4. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for all funds except Agency Funds.
- 5. Adoption and amendments of all budgets used by the City are governed by Public Act 621, which was followed for the year ended June 30, 2004. Expenditures may not exceed appropriations. The appropriations resolutions are based on the projected expenditures budget of the department heads of the City. Any amendment to the original budget must meet the requirements of Public Act 621. Any revisions that alter the total expenditures of any fund must be approved by the City Council.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2004

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting (Continued)

- 6. Budgets for expenditures are adopted at the functional level.
- 7. Budgeted amounts are as originally adopted, or as amended by the City Council.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the City considers all highly liquid investments with an original maturity of three months or less to be cash and temporary investments.

Investments

Investments are stated at fair value.

Receivables

All receivables are reported at their gross value and, where appropriate, are reduced by the estimated portion that is expected to be uncollectible.

Deferred Revenue

The City reports deferred revenue when a potential revenue does not meet both the "measurable" and "available" criteria for recognition in the current period.

Restricted Assets

Certain resources set aside for the repayment of the City's enterprise fund revenue bonds, are classified as restricted assets on the balance sheet because their use is limited by applicable bond covenants.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are valued at cost where historical records are available and at an estimated historical cost where no historical records exist. Donated capital assets are valued at their estimated fair market value on the date received. The amount reported for infrastructure includes only assets added in 2003.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Improvements are capitalized and depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets, as applicable.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2004

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

No interest expense has been incurred or capitalized on capital assets reported in proprietary funds.

Depreciation on capital assets (including infrastructure) of the primary government, as well as the component units, is computed using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Land improvements	<u>Years</u> 25
Buildings	25 - 30
Office furniture and equipment Vehicles	5 - 20
. =	3 - 10
Public domain infrastructure	50
System infrastructure	30

Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, the long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net assets. For new bond issuances of governmental funds after the implementation of GASB Statement No. 34 and all proprietary fund bond issues, bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method which approximates the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognized bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Property Taxes

City property taxes are attached as an enforceable lien on property as of July 1st. Taxes are levied July 1 and are due without penalty on or before September 14. These summer tax bills include the City's own property taxes and taxes billed on behalf of other districts within the City limits. Real property taxes not collected are returned to the County for collection, which advances the City 100% for the delinquent real property taxes. Collection of delinquent personal property taxes remains the responsibility of the City Treasurer.

Fund Equity

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report reservations of fund balance for amounts that are not available for appropriation or are legally restricted by outside parties for use for a specific purpose.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2004

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Accrued Vacation and Sick Leave

Under contracts negotiated with employee groups, individual employees have a vested right to receive payments for unused vacation benefits under formulas and conditions specified in the contracts.

Vacation leave earned as of June 30, 2004, is recorded in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements.

Special Assessments

Special assessments in governmental funds are recorded as revenues when due, not when levied. Estimated annual installments not yet available are reflected as deferred revenue.

Interfund Transactions

During the course of normal operations, the City has numerous transactions between funds, including expenditures and transfers of resources to provide services, construct assets, and service debt. The accompanying financial statements generally reflect such transactions as transfers. Operating subsidies are also recorded as transfers. The amounts recorded as subsidies, advances, or equity contributions are determined by the City.

Risk Management

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. During the year ended June 30, 2004, the City carried commercial insurance to cover all risks of losses. The City has had no settled claims resulting from these risks that exceeded their commercial coverage in any of the past three fiscal years. There was no significant change in coverage during the year.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2004

2. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

The captions on the government-wide and fund statements relating to cash and cash equivalents and investments are as follows:

Deposits:

	Primary Government	Component Units	Agency Funds	Total
Cash and cash equivalents Restricted investments	\$2,736,080 200,000	\$236,043	\$2,611	\$2,974,734 200,000
Total cash and investments	\$2,936,080	\$236,043	\$2,611	\$3,174,734

The carrying amount of deposits at June 30, 2004, consisted of \$911,229 of cash and cash equivalents and \$2,263,505 of certificates of deposit; the bank balance of these deposits was as follows:

Inquired (EDIC)	Bank Balance
Insured (FDIC) Uninsured, uncollateralized	\$206,185 3,038,218
Total	\$3,244,403

These deposits are in two (2) financial institutions located in Michigan in varying amounts. State policy limits the Treasurer's investing options to financial institutions located in Michigan. All accounts are in the name of the City and a specific fund or common account. Deposits and investments are recorded in City records at fair value.

Statutory Authority

Act 217, PA 1982, authorizes the City to deposit and invest in:

- a. Bonds and other direct obligations of the United States or an agency or instrumentality of the United States.
- b. Certificates of deposit, savings accounts, deposit accounts or depository receipts of a qualified financial institution.
- c. Commercial paper rated at the time of purchase within the two highest classifications established by not less than two standard rating services and that matures not more than 270 days after the date of purchase.
- d. Bankers acceptances of United States banks.
- e. Obligations of the State of Michigan and its political subdivisions that, at the time of purchase are rated as investment grade by at least one standard rating service.
- f. Mutual funds registered under the Investment Company Act of 1940 with the authority to purchase only investment vehicles that are legal for direct investment by a public corporation.
- g. External investment pools as authorized by Public Act 20 as amended through 12/31/97.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2004

3. CAPITAL ASSETS

Changes in capital assets for the year ending June 30, 2004, are as follows:

Governmental activities	Balance July 1, 2003	Additions	Dispositions	Balance June 30, 2004
Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land	0 40=44.			
	\$ 127,114	\$ 26,500		\$ 153,614
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Infrastructure	727,286	1,227,062	_	1,954,348
Buildings and improvements	400,786	-		400,786
Vehicles and equipment	762,439	20,729		783,168
I are seen 1 / 1	1,890,511	1,247,791	_	3,138,302
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Infrastructure	-	48,859	-	48,859
Buildings	312,001	4,402	-	316,403
Vehicles and equipment	511,265	60,625		571,890
Total accumulated:				
depreciation .	823,266	113,886		937,152
Net capital assets, being				
depreciated .	1,067,245	1,133,905	_	2 201 150
Net governmental activities				2,201,150
capital assets	\$1,194,359	\$1,160,405	\$	\$ 2,354,764
Business-type activities				
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Water system	\$1,276,689	\$ -	\$ -	\$1,276,689
Sewer system	9,216,922	52,400	_	9,269,322
Accumulated depreciation	(1,251,885)	(156,886)		(1,408,771)
Net business-type activities				
capital assets	\$9,241,726	\$ (104,486)	\$ -	\$9,137,240
Common and				\$7,137,440
Component unit Land	\$ 35,901	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 35,901
D. Carlo				

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental activities:	
General government	\$ 17,801
Public safety	17,802
Public works	10,680
Streets	28,862
Recreation and cultural	14,240
Internal service fund assets	24,501
Total depreciation expense – governmental activities	\$113,886
Business-type activities:	
Sewer	3128,881
Water	28,005
	
Total depreciation expense – business	
trmo potivitina	3156,886
22	150,000

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2004

4. INTERFUND TRANSFERS

The composition of transfers for the year ended June 30, 2004, is as follows:

	Transfers In	Transfers Out
Governmental activities: General Fund West Side Paving Main Street Reconstruction Nonmajor governmental funds Business-type activities:	\$ 288,388 149,633	\$128,433 326,803 36,200
Sewer Water	27,229 51,186	25,000
Total	\$516,436	\$516,436

Transfers are used to: (1) move unrestricted revenues collected in the General Fund and other funds to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations and (2) move revenues from the fund that is required to collect them to the fund that is required or allowed to expend them.

5. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

Municipal Employees Retirement System of Michigan

The City participates in the Municipal Employees Retirement System of Michigan (MERS), an agent multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan providing retirement, death and disability benefits covering full-time City employees. The System is administered by the MERS retirement board. The MERS Retirement Board establishes and amends the benefit provisions of the participants in MERS. A publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for MERS may be obtained by writing to the Municipal Employees Retirement System of Michigan, 447 North Canal Road, Lansing, Michigan 48917 or by calling (800) 767-6377.

The City is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate; the current rate is 5% of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of the City are established and may be amended by the MERS Retirement Board. The contribution requirements of plan members are established and may be amended by the City depending on the MERS contribution program adoption by the City.

For the year ended June 30, 2004 the City's annual pension cost for MERS of \$24,812 was equal to the City's required and actual contributions. The required contribution was determined as part of the December 31, 2003 actuarial valuation using the entry age actuarial cost method. The actuarial assumptions included: (a) a rate of return on the investment of present and future assets of 8.0%; (b) projected salary increases of 4.5% per year compounded annually, attributable to inflation; and (c) additional projected salary increases of 0.0% to 4.16% per year, depending on age, attributable to seniority/merit. The actuarial value of MERS assets was determined on the basis of a valuation method that assumes the fund earns the expected rate of return, and includes an adjustment of 20% of the difference between assumed earnings and market value (5 year seniority) to reflect fair value. The City's unfunded actuarial accrued liability is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payroll on an open basis. The remaining amortization period at December 31, 2003, the date of the latest actuarial valuation, was 30 years.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2004

5. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

Three-Year Trend Information

Year Ended	Annual Pension Cost (APC)	Percentage of APC Contributed	Net Pension Obligation
2002 2003 2004	\$21,119 29,029 24,812	100% 100% 100%	\$ - -

Schedule of Funding Progress

Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets (a)	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) Entry Age (b)	Unfunded AAL (UAAL) (b-a)	Funded Ratio Total	Covered Payroll (c)	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll((b-a)/c)
12/31/01	\$1,646,173	\$1,663,372	\$ 17,199	99%	\$573,300	3%
12/31/02	1,654,508	1,751,355	96,847	94%	461,176	21%
12/31/03	1,701,253	1,831,688	130,435	93%	483,093	27%

6. DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN

The City offers its employees a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The Plan, available to all City employees, permits them to defer a portion of their salary until future years. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death, or unforeseeable emergency. All assets of the plan are held in trust for employees and the related assets and liabilities are not included in this report.

7. LONG-TERM DEBT

The following is a summary of debt transactions of the City for the year ended June 30, 2004:

Governmental activities General Obligation Debt:	Balance July 1, 2003	Additions	Deletions	Balance June 30, 2004	Due Within One Year
\$460,000 Special Assessment Bonds and \$325,000 General Obligation Limited Tax Street Improvement Bonds, Series 1997. Bonds due in annual installments of \$40,000 to \$60,000 through October 1, 2011; interest					
at 5-7%.	\$ 510,000	-	\$ 50,000	\$ 460,000	\$ 55,000

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2004

7. LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

7. LONG-TERM DEBT (CO.	Balance July 1, 2003	Additions	Deletions	Balance June 30, 2004	Due Within One Year
Governmental activities (Continued) \$1,985,000 General Obligation Improvement Bonds, Series 2003. Bonds due in annual installments of \$5,000 to \$210,000 through April 1, 2023; interest at 2 – 4.4%.	\$1,985,000	\$ -	\$ 5,000	\$1,980,000	\$10,000
\$25,000 Installment Purchase Agreement Bonds due in annual installments of \$2,951 to \$8,853 through August 26, 2006; interest at 4.8%.	22,050	-	6,046	16,004	6,246
Accrued employee benefits	28,912	7,922	3,500	33,334	3,500
Total governmental activities	2,545,962	7,922	64,546	2,489,338	74,746
Business-type activities \$3,000,000 Sanitary Sewer System Construction Revenue Bonds, Series 1996A. Bonds due in annual installments of \$28,000 to \$158,000 through March 1, 2037 interest at 4.5%.	2,813,000	-	36,000	2,777,000	38,000
\$650,000 Sanitary Sewer System Revenue Bonds, Series 1996B. Bonds due in annual installments of \$6,000 to \$33,000 through March 1, 2037; interest at 4.5%.	608,000	-	8,000	600,000	8,000
\$750,000 Water Supply System Revenue Bonds, Series 2002. Bonds due in annual installments of \$25,000 to \$60,000 through September 1, 2022; interest at 4.5-4.8%.	750,000		25,000	725,000	25,000
Total business-type activities	4,171,000		69,000	4,102,000	71,000

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2004

7. LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

	Balance July 1, 2003	Additions	Deletions	Balance June 30, 2004	Due Within One Year
\$450,000 General Obligation Limited Tax Streetscape Development Bonds, Series 1997. Bonds due in annual installments of \$25,000 to \$70,000 through April 1, 2006; interest at	0.000.000	s -	\$ 65,000	\$ 135,000 <u></u>	\$ 65,000
4.0-4.7%. Total long-term debt – reporting entity	\$ 200,000 \$6,916,962	\$ 7,922	\$198,546	\$6,726,338	\$210,746

The annual requirements, excluding accrued employee benefits, to maturity on the total long-term obligations outstanding at June 30, 2004 are as follows:

				a Activities	Componer	nt Unit
_	Governmenta Principal	l Activities Interest	Business-type Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest
2005 2006 2007 2008 2009 2010-201 2015-201 2020-202 2025-202 2029-203 2035-203	\$ 71,246 76,453 103,305 105,000 115,000 4 580,000 655,000 4 750,000	\$ 99,083 96,133 93,026 89,221 84,903 353,163 246,350 84,750	\$ 71,000 74,000 76,000 82,000 86,000 481,000 604,000 706,000 613,000 763,000 546,000	\$ 186,766 183,496 180,090 176,596 172,816 802,022 680,254 527,270 379,762 228,964 49,908	\$ 65,000 70,000 - - - - - - -	\$6,280 3,290 - - - - - -
**	\$2,456,004	\$1,146,626	\$4,102,000	\$3,567,944	\$135,000	\$9,570

8. LITIGATION

In the normal course of its activities, the City has become a party in various legal actions, including property tax assessment appeals. Management of the City is of the opinion that the outcome of such actions will not have a material effect on the financial position of the City and, therefore, has not reflected loss reserves in the financial statements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2004

9. RESTATEMENTS

As of and for the year ended June 30, 2004, the City implemented the following Governmental Accounting Standards Board prouncements:

Statements

- No. 34 Basic Financial Statements and Management's Discussion and Analysis for State and Local Governments
- No. 37 Basic Financial Statements and Management's Discussion and Analysis for State and Local Governments: Omnibus
- No. 38 Certain Financial Statement Note Disclosures

Interpretation

■ No. 6 – Recognition and Measurement of Certain Liabilities and Expenditures in Governmental Fund Financial Statements

The above pronouncements are all related to the new financial reporting requirements for all state and local governments. These pronouncements are scheduled for a phased implementation (based on the size of the government) through fiscal years ending in 2005. The City is required to implement the new requirements no later than the fiscal year ending June 30, 2004.

The more significant of the changes required by the new standards are basic financial statements that include:

- Government-wide financial statements, prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting;
- Fund financial statements, consisting of a series of statements that focus on a government's major governmental funds and enterprise funds;
- Schedules to reconcile the fund financial statements to the government-wide financial statements;
- Budgetary statements and schedules;
- Notes to the basic financial statements

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2004

9. RESTATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

As a result of implementing these pronouncements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2004 the following restatements were made to beginning net asset accounts.

Government-wide financial statements

Beginning net assets for governmental activities was determined as follows:

Fund balance of governmental funds as of June 30, 2003 Add: Governmental capital assets, including general fixed assets Add: Internal Service Fund Net Assets Add: Special Assessment Receivable Less: Accrued debt, interest, and compensated absences Add: Trust funds reclassified as permanent funds	\$2,697,233 1,086,198 297,399 117,874 (2,582,655) 127,324

Net assets, July 1, 2003 \$1,743,373

Beginning net assets for the Downtown Development Authority was determined as follows:

Fund balance of Downtown Development Authority	
as of June 30, 2003 Less: Accrued debt and interest	\$54,989 (202,301)

Net assets (deficit), July 1, 2003 \$(147,312)

10. CLEO COWLES TRUST

The Library benefits from a trust established by Cleo Cowles. The Library has no control over the principal of this trust and is entitled only to the income to be used for general operation of the Library Special Revenue Fund. This trust is administered by the City and has a principal balance of \$10,000 (at cost).

COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET

JUNE 30, 2004

			SPECIAL RE	VENUE		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	DED. (AND.)	
<u>ASSETS</u>	MAJOR STREET	LOCAL STREET	LIBRARY	SIDEWALK	FEDERAL COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT	DEBT SERVICE	PERMANENT CEMETERY TRUST	_ TOTAL
Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable Special assessments recievable Prepaid expenses Due from other governmental units	\$ 179,385 - 415 11,898	\$ 288,007 - 277 4,583	\$ 48,919 - - 1,487	7,348	\$ 86,808 3,675	\$ 133,731 82,251	\$ 131,175	\$ 884,365 3,675 89,599 2,179
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 191,698	\$ 292,867	\$ 50,406	\$ 23,688	\$ 90,483	\$ 215,982	\$ 131,175	\$ 996,299
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES								
LIABILITIES Accounts payable Deferred revenue TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$ 1,198	\$ 1,017	\$ 2,848	\$ - 	\$ 3,675	\$ 463 82,251	\$ - 	\$ 5,526 93,274
FUND BALANCES	1,198	1,017	2,848	7,348	3,675	82,714	-	98,800
Unreserved - undesignated TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	190,500 \$ 191,698	291,850 \$ 292,867	47,558 \$ 50,406	16,340 \$ 23,688	\$ 90,483	133,268 \$ 215,982	131,175 \$ 131,175	897,499 \$ 996,299

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

			SPECIAL RE	VENUE			PERMANENT	
REVENUES	MAJOR STREET	LOCAL STREET	LIBRARY	SIDEWALK	FEDERAL COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT	DEBT SERVICE	CEMETERYTRUST	TOTAL
Property taxes Intergovernmental Revenue:	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 27,754	s -	s .	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 27,754
State Local	144,930	55,713	8,165 60,758	-	284	-	-	209,092
Special Assessments Other	-	-	-	3,417	-		-	60,75
Interest	1,529	1,955	35,753 370	-	841	31,399 - 859	3,851	34,816 39,604
TOTAL REVENUES	146,459	57,668	132,800	3,417	1,125	32,258		6,827
EXPENDITURES Current debt service Public works Recreation and cultural Principal Interest	64,056 - -	51,936 - - -	129,823 - -	:	-	55,000	1,273	378,851 117,265 129,823 55,000
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	64,056	51,936	129,823			99,682 154,682	1,273	99,682
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	82,403	5,732	2,977	3,417	1,125	(122,424)	3,851	(22,919)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in Transfers (out)	(36,200)	36,200	-	<u>-</u>	<u> </u>	113,433	-	149,633 (36,200)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	(36,200)	36,200		<u>-</u> _	-	113,433		113,433
ET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	46,203	41,932	2,977	3,417	1,125	(8,991)	3,851	90,514
UND BALANCES, BEGINNING OF YEAR	144,297	249,918	44,581	12,923	85,683	142,259	127,324	806,985
UND BALANCES, END OF YEAR	\$ 190,500	\$ 291,850	\$ 47,558	\$ 16,340	\$ 86,808	\$ 133,268	\$ 131,175	\$ 897,499

MAJOR STREET FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -BUDGET AND ACTUAL

REVENUES	ORIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE POSITIVE (NEGATIVE)
Intergovernmental revenue: State Interest	\$ 125,000 4,000	\$ 146,000 1,000	\$ 144,930 1,529	\$ (1,070) _ 529
TOTAL REVENUES	129,000	147,000	146,459	(541)
EXPENDITURES Highways and Streets: Routine maintenance Traffic service	28,400	28,400	20,790	7,610
Winter maintenance Construction Administrative	8,000 18,900 71,000 17,700	6,500 25,900 70,000 21,400	2,612 23,243 196 17,215	3,888 2,657 69,804 4,185
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	144,000	152,200	64,056	88,144
REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	(15,000)	(5,200)	82,403	87,603
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers (out)	(30,000)	(40,000)	(36,200)	3,800
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(45,000)	(45,200)	46,203	91,403
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR	144,297	144,297	144,297	, -
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR	\$ 99,297	\$ 99,097	\$ 190,500	\$ 91,403

LOCAL STREET FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -BUDGET AND ACTUAL

REVENUES Intergovernmental revenue: State Interest	ORIGINAL BUDGET \$ 45,500 2,500	FINAL BUDGET \$ 55,500 2,500	* 55,713	VARIANCE POSITIVE (NEGATIVE) \$ 213
TOTAL REVENUES	48,000	58,000	1,955 57,668	(545)
EXPENDITURES Highways and Streets:				
Construction Routine maintenance Traffic service Winter maintenance Administrative	25,900 22,500 4,300 11,800 13,500	25,900 22,500 4,300 14,800 14,000	24,006 2,882 14,120	25,900 (1,506) 1,418 680
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	78,000	81,500	51,936	<u>3,072</u> <u>29,564</u>
REVENUES OVER(UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(30,000)	(23,500)	5,732	29,232
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Transfers in	30,000	36,000	36,200	200
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	-	12,500	41,932	29,432
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR	249,918	249,918	249,918	
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR	\$ 249,918	\$ 262,418	\$ 291,850	\$ 29,432

LIBRARY FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL

REVENUES	ORIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE POSITIVE (NEGATIVE)
Intergovernmental revenue:				
State	\$ 6,500	\$ 6,750	\$ 8,165	\$ 1,415
Local	51,650	60,400	60,758	358
Property taxes	27,050	27,400	27,754	354
Fines	19,000	17,100	17,121	21
Other	12,000	14,560	18,632	4,072
Interest	800	330	370	40
TOTAL REVENUES	117,000	126,540	132,800	6,260
EXPENDITURES				
Recreational and Cultural:				
Salaries and wages	66,700	59,650	60,229	(570)
Operating supplies	16,300	22,305	22,022	(579)
Telephone	1,100	900	759	283 141
Utilities	2,900	3,200	2,764	436
Repairs and maintenance	19,200	17,700	15,920	1,780
Rent	1,600	1,600	1,502	98
Insurance and bonds	5,700	5,970	6,009	(39)
Membership and dues	5,000	5,210	4,183	1,027
Professional service	5,000	7,000	10,720	(3,720)
Miscellaneous	200	5,500	5,715	(215)
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	123,700	129,035	129,823	(788)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(6,700)	(2,495)	2,977	5,472
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR	44,581	44,581	44,581	<u>-</u>
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR	\$ 37,881	\$ 42,086	\$ 47,558	\$ 5,472

SIDEWALK FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL

REVENUES	•	ORIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE FAVORABLE (UNFAVORABLE)
Special assessments	\$	- :	\$ - \$	3,417	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		<u> </u>		<u>-</u>	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		-	-	3,417	3,417
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR		12,923	12,923	12,923	-
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR	\$	12,923 \$	12,923 \$	16,340	\$ 3,417

FEDERAL COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL

REVENUES	 UGINAL UDGET	 FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	F	VARIANCE FAVORABLE NFAVORABLE)
Intergovernmental revenue: State Interest	\$ 1,000 1,800	\$ 1,000 1,800	\$ 284 841	\$	(716) (959)
TOTAL REVENUES	 2,800	2,800	1,125		(1,675)
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	 	 _	 		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	2,800	2,800	1,125		-
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR	 85,683	 85,683	85,683		
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR	 88,483	\$ 88,483	\$ 86,808	\$	_

GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES BUDGET AND ACTUAL

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2004

GENERAL GOVERNMENT		INAL GET	FINAL UDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE POSITIVE (NEGATIVE)
LEGISLATIVE - CITY COUNCIL					 (======================================
Salaries and wages	\$	6.050			
Conventions	Þ	6,250	\$ 7,250	\$ 7,200	\$ 5
Entertainment		5,500	4,500	4,346	15
Miscellaneous		1,300	1,300		1,30
		1,000	2,000	 1,869	13
TOTAL LEGISLATIVE - CITY COUNCIL		14,050	15,050	 13,415	
CITY MANAGER				 13,113	 1,63
Salaries and wages					
Travel and conferences		25,400	36,000	33,974	2,02
Printing and publishing		5,000	4,700	3,755	2,02 94
Transportation		500	-	-,	74
Miscellaneous		800	2,300	4,014	(1,71
		4,500	 4,500	4,005	49.
TOTAL CITY MANAGER		36,200	 47,500	45,748	 1,75
ELECTIONS					1,752
Salaries and wages		1 500			
Operating supplies		1,500	1,500	1,206	294
Professional services		600	1,200	1,020	180
Printing and publishing		500	600	567	33
a same publishing		100	 700	 766	(66
TOTAL ELECTIONS		2,700	4,000	3,559	441
NDEPENDENT AUDIT / ACCOUNTING				 	
Auditing services		15,000	 8,200	7,234	966
SSESSOR				 	 700
Professional services		16 000			
Operating supplies		16,000	15,700	11,654	4,046
		3,200	 3,500	 6,915	(3,415)
TOTAL ASSESSOR		19,200	19,200	18,569	631
ITY ATTORNEY				 	 031
Professional services		0.000			
		0,000	 46,000	49,923	(3,923)

GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES BUDGET AND ACTUAL (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2004

		RIGINAL UDGET		FINAL BUDGET		ACTUAL	VARIANCE POSITIVE
GENERAL GOVERNMENT (CONTINUED) DEPUTY CLERK						HETORE	 (NEGATIVE)
Salaries and wages	\$	36,800	\$	40,800	¢	20.050	
Travel and conferences	Ψ	3,300	Þ		Þ	38,278	\$ 2,522
Printing and publishing		8,200		2,550		466	2,084
Miscellaneous		400		7,200 400		6,026	1,174
		700		400		510	 (110
TOTAL DEPUTY CLERK		48,700		50,950		45,280	5,670
BOARD OF REVIEW							
Salaries and wages		000					
Miscellaneous		800		800		450	350
		400		400		79	 321
TOTAL BOARD OF REVIEW		1,200		1,200		529	671
GENERAL ADMINISTRATION							
Salaries and wages		56 600		# C COO			
Office supplies		56,600		56,600		56,119	481
Telephone		12,300		12,300		12,603	(303
Travel and conferences		12,000 2,200		7,000		8,298	(1,298
Insurance and bonds		31,000		1,450		977	473
Capital outlay		51,000		33,400		33,273	127
Miscellaneous		2,500		500			500
•		2,300		5,500		5,010	 490
TOTAL GENERAL ADMINISTRATION		117,100		116,750		116,280	 470
TTY HALL AND GROUNDS							
Salaries and wages							
Utilities		2,500		2,500		2,155	345
Repairs and maintenance		15,300		16,000		14,899	1,101
Miscellaneous		4,000		14,500		14,680	(180)
		7,500		8,200		8,832	(632)
TOTAL CITY HALL AND GROUNDS		29,300		41,200		40,566	 634

GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES BUDGET AND ACTUAL (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2004

GENERAL COVERNMENT (CONTRACTOR)		RIGINAL BUDGET		FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL		VARIANCE POSITIVE (NEGATIVE)
GENERAL GOVERNMENT (CONTINUED) CEMETERY						_	(IALUATIVE)
Salaries and wages	•	1 = 100	_				
Operating supplies	\$	15,400	\$		\$ 12,067	\$	3,333
Utilities		500		500	853		(353
Repairs and maintenance		200		200	49		151
Equipment rental		500		500	2,156		(1,656
- 1p		24,000		24,000	21,512		_ 2,488
TOTAL CEMETERY		40,600		40,600	36,637		3,963
COMMUNITY PROMOTION					 50,037		3,903
Salaries and wages		11.000					
Professional services		11,000		13,585	12,863		722
Operating supplies		15,000		13,000	8,660		4,340
Utilities		1,000		4,000	3,519		481
Equipment rental		1,000		1,000	382		618
Miscellaneous		16,000		16,000	19,608		(3,608
		16,900		9,400	 10,393		(993
TOTAL COMMUNITY PROMOTION		60,900		56,985	55,425		1,560
TOTAL GENERAL GOVERNMENT		414,950	_	447,635	433,165		14,470
UBLIC SAFETY					 .,,,,,,,,,		14,470
POLICE DEPARTMENT							
Salaries and wages		200 000		•			
Office supplies		280,000		290,000	286,524		3,476
Operating supplies		18,100		18,100	18,363		(263)
Clothing and laundry		3,000		3,000	3,886		(886)
Repairs and maintenance		5,000		5,000	4,253		747
Professional services		12,500		12,500	16,699		(4,199)
Telephone		10,000		18,000	21,192		(3,192)
Education and training		3,000		1,500	63		1,437
Radio and dispatch		2,500		2,500	638		1,862
Gasoline and oil		41,500		37,500	35,475		2,025
Capital outlay		8,400		8,400	10,671		(2,271)
Miscellaneous		35,000		33,000	25,222		7,778
		3,100		3,100	 2,727		373
TOTAL POLICE DEPARTMENT		422,100		432,600	 425,713		6,887

GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES BUDGET AND ACTUAL (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2004

DUDI IO CANDON (CANDON)		UGINAL UDGET	F	FINAL BUDGET		ACTUAL	P	ARIANCE OSITIVE
PUBLIC SAFETY (CONTINUED) FIRE DEPARTMENT				- CO OLI		ACTUAL	(N)	EGATIVE)
Salaries and wages	•							
Office supplies	\$	45,000	\$	45,000	\$	45,437	\$	(437
Operating supplies		1,800		1,800		1,795	*	(43)
Clothing and laundry		2,000		2,000		2,499		(499
Repairs and maintenance		2,000		2,000		1,652		348
Professional services		5,500		4,500		4,146		354
Telephone		6,700		6,700		4,744		1,956
Utilities		1,200		1,200		1,384		(184
Education and training		4,300		4,300		3,871		429
Hydrant rental		2,000		2,000		805		
Capital outlay		10,000		10,000		10,000		1,195
Miscellaneous		18,200		21,788		7,313		14 475
Miscellaneous		4,200		3,920		4,387		14,475 (467)
TOTAL FIRE DEPARTMENT		102,900		105,208		88,033		17,175
BUILDING INSPECTION					_	20,000		17,173
Salaries and wages		4.000						
Professional services		4,800		4,800		4,794		6
• .		22,500		22,500		22,627		(127)
TOTAL BUILDING INSPECTION		27,300		27,300	_	27,421		(121)
PLANNING COMMISSION								(121)
Professional and contractual services		24.000						
Printing and publishing		24,000		32,000		35,673		(3,673)
Miscellaneous		5,500		3,500		1,896		1,604
		1,000		1,000		656		344
TOTAL PLANNING COMMISSION		30,500		36,500		38,225		(1,725)
TOTAL PUBLIC SAFETY		582,800		601,608		579,392		22,216
UBLIC WORKS							-	22,210
STREET LIGHTING								
Electric		20.000						
		29,000		30,500		30,120		380
PUBLIC WORKS								
Salaries and wages		0.000						
Professional services		8,800		8,800		9,380		(580)
Electric		2,000		1,500		4,401		(2,901)
Equipment rental		1,000		1,000		917		83
Miscellaneous		12,000		9,000		8,899		101
		4,000		4,000		160		3,840
TOTAL PUBLIC WORKS		27,800		24,300		23,757		543
OTAL PUBLIC WORKS		56,800		54,800		53,877		923

GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES BUDGET AND ACTUAL (CONCLUDED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2004

RECREATION AND CULTURAL		ORIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET		ACTUAL		VARIANCE POSITIVE (NEGATIVE)	
PARKS AND RECREATION Salaries and wages Utilities Repairs and maintenance Miscellaneous	\$	9,525 1,000 16,600 6,000	\$ 7,525 1,000 33,900 6,000	\$	6,742 - 33,231 6,248	\$	783 1,000 669 (248	
TOTAL RECREATION AND CULTURAL		33,125	48,425		46,221		2,204	
OTHER EXPENDITURES Employee benefits Information technology Pension Social security		143,000 22,000 23,000 37,100	122,300 23,500 17,200 40,100		120,477 22,431 16,639 40,530		1,823 1,069 561 (430)	
TOTAL OTHER EXPENDITURES	_	225,100	 203,100		200,077		3,023	
DEBT SERVICE Principal Interest		6,100 700	 6,100 700		6,046 673		54 27	
TOTAL OTHER EXPENDITURES		6,800	 6,800		6,719		81	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		1,319,575	 1,362,368		1,319,451		42,917	
OTHER FINANCING (USES) Transfers out		129,000	 129,000		128,433		567	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES	\$	1,448,575	\$ 1,491,368	\$	1,447,884	<u> </u>	43,484	

(Concluded)

FIDUCIARY FUND

AGENCY FUND STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

TRUST AND AGENCY ASSETS	BALANCE JULY 1, 2003	ADDITIONS	DEDUCTIONS	BALANCE JUNE 30, 2004
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 760	\$ 2,409,278	\$ 2,407,427	\$ 2,611
LIABILITIES Accounts payable	\$ 760	\$ 1,445,397	\$ 1,443,546	\$ 2,611

COMPONENT I	UNITS
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COMBINING BALANCE SHEET

DOWNTOWN DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY

JUNE 30, 2004

-	ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents		GENERAL \$ 2,551		CAPITAL PROJECTS		TOTAL	
	Land	—	2,551 35,901	\$	15,222	\$	17,773 35,901	
-	TOTAL ASSETS		38,452		15,222	_\$_	53,674	
,	LIABILITIES AND FUND EQUITY							
_	LIABILITIES Accounts payable	\$	617	\$	-	\$	617	
_	Fund balance Unreserved - undesignated		37,835		15,222		53,057	
_	TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND EQUITY		38,452	\$	15,222	\$	53,674	

RECONCILIATION OF THE FUND BALANCES ON THE BALANCE SHEET FOR COMPONENT UNIT FUNDS TO THE NET ASSETS OF COMPONENT UNIT ACTIVITIES ON THE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS

DOWNTOWN DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY

JUNE 30, 2004

Fund balance - Downtown Development Authority	\$ 53,057
Certain liabilities, such as bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.	
Deduct- bonds payable Deduct- accrued interest	 (135,000) (1,570)
Net assets of Downtown Development Authority, end of year	\$ (83,513)

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

DOWNTOWN DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY

	_GI	GENERAL		CAPITAL PROJECTS		OTAL
REVENUES Taxes	\$	93,498	\$	-	\$	93,498
Interest		1,385		-		1,385
TOTAL REVENUES		94,883		-		94,883
EXPENDITURES Public works Debt service:		22,110		-		22,110
Principal retirement		65,000		-		65,000
Interest and fiscal charges		9,705		-		9,705
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		96,815		-		96,815
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		(1,932)		-		(1,932)
FUND BALANCES , BEGINNING OF YEAR		39,767		15,222		54,989
FUND BALANCES, END OF YEAR	\$	37,835	\$	15,222	\$	53,057

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

DOWNTOWN DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY

Net change in fund balances - total component units	\$ (1,932)
Amounts reported for component unit activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Bond proceeds provide current financial resources to component unit funds in the period issued, but issuing bonds increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets. Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the component unit funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets.	
Add - principal payments on long-term debt	65,000
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in the funds.	
Add - decrease in accrued interest	731_
Change in net assets of component unit activities	\$ 63,799

BALANCE SHEET/STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS

LOCAL DEVELOPMENT FINANCE AUTHORITY

JUNE 30, 2004

Cash and cash equivalents Land	ASSETS TOTAL ASSETS	DEVI FI	LOCAL ELOPMENT NANCE THORITY 218,270 - 218,270
	ITIES AND FUND BALANCES		
LIABILITIES Accounts payable		\$	- -
Fund balance/Net Assets Unreserved - undesignate	ed/Unrestricted		218,270
TOTAL LIABILIT	ES AND FUND BALANCES/NET ASSETS		218,270

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES/STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

LOCAL DEVELOPMENT FINANACE AUTHORITY

	DEVE FI	OCAL LOPMENT NANCE THORITY
REVENUES Taxes Interest	\$	35,736 1,965
TOTAL REVENUES	<u></u>	37,701
EXPENDITURES Public works		35,835
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		35,835
REVENUES OVER(UNDER) EXPENDITURES		1,866
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS		1,866
FUND BALANCES/NET ASSETS, BEGINNING OF YEAR		216,404
FUND BALANCES/NET ASSETS, END OF YEAR	<u>\$</u>	218,270

SCHEDULE OF INDEBTEDNESS

SCHEDULE OF INDEBTEDNESS

JUNE 30, 2004

PRIMARY GOVERNMENT DEBT:	DATE OF ISSUE	AMOUNT OF ISSUE	INTEREST RATE	DATE OF MATURITY	PRINCIPAL	INTEREST	AMOUNT OF TOTAL OUTSTANDING
GENERAL OBLIGATION DEBT 1997 Special Assessment and General Obligation Limited Tax Street Improvement Bonds	05/22/96	\$ 785,000	5 - 7%	10/01/04 10/01/05 10/01/06 10/01/07 10/01/08 10/01/09 10/01/10 10/01/11	\$ 55,000 55,000 55,000 55,000 60,000 60,000 60,000 60,000 460,000	\$ 21,015 18,471 15,914 13,288 10,470 7,500 4,500 1,500 92,658	\$ 76,015 73,471 70,914 68,288 70,470 67,500 64,500 61,500 552,658
2003 General Obligation Improvement Bonds	04/17/03	1,985,000	2 - 4.4%	04/01/05 04/04/06 04/01/07 04/01/08 04/01/09 04/01/10 04/01/11 04/01/12 04/01/13 04/01/14 04/01/15 04/01/16 04/01/17 04/01/18 04/01/19 04/01/20 04/01/21 04/01/22	10,000 15,000 45,000 55,000 65,000 70,000 80,000 100,000 110,000 120,000 140,000 155,000 165,000 180,000 195,000 210,000	77,595 77,395 77,058 75,933 74,433 72,783 70,670 68,290 65,490 62,430 58,630 54,450 49,890 44,560 38,820 32,310 25,380 17,820 9,240 1,053,175	87,595 92,395 122,058 125,933 129,433 137,783 140,670 148,290 150,490 162,430 168,630 174,450 179,890 184,560 193,820 197,310 205,380 212,820 219,240 3,033,175
Installment Purchase Agreement	8/26/02	25,000	4.8%	08/26/04 08/26/05 08/26/06	6,246 6,452 3,306 16,004	473 267 54 793	6,719 6,719 3,360 16,797
Accumulated Employee Benefits					33,334		33,334
TOTAL GENERAL OBLIGATION DEBT					2,489,338	1,146,626	3,635,964
							(Continued)

SCHEDULE OF INDEBTEDNESS (CONTINUED)

JUNE 30, 2004

	DATE OF ISSUE	MOUNT OF ISSUE	INTEREST RATE	DATE OF MATURITY	P	PRINCIPAL	1	INTEREST	OUNT OF TOTAL STANDING
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT DEBT:									
ENTERPRISE FUNDS	03/04/07	3,000,000	4.50%	03/01/05	\$	38,000	s	124,920	\$ 162,920
1996A Sanitary Sewer System Revenue Bonds	03/04/97	\$ 3,000,000	4.50%	03/01/06	•	40,000	-	123,210	163,210
				03/01/07		42,000		121,410	163,410
				03/01/08		43,000		119,520	162,520
				03/01/09		46,000		117,586	163,586
				03/01/10		47,000		115,516	162,516
				03/01/11		50,000		113,400	163,400
				03/01/12		52,000		111,150	163,150
				03/01/13		54,000		108,810	162,810
				03/01/14		57,000		106,380	163,380
				03/01/15		59,000		103,816	162,816
				03/01/16		62,000		101,160	163,160
				03/01/17		65,000		98,370	163,370
				03/01/18		67,000		95,446	162,446
				03/01/19		71,000		92,430	163,430
				03/01/20		74,000		89,236	163,236
				03/01/21		77,000		85,906	162,906
				03/01/22		81,000		82,440	163,440
				03/01/23		84,000		78,796	162,796
				03/01/24		88,000		75,016	163,016
				03/01/25		92,000		71,056	163,056
				03/01/26		96,000		66,916	162,916
				03/01/27		100,000		62,596	162,596
				03/01/28		105,000		58,096	163,096
				03/01/29		110,000		53,370	163,370
				03/01/30		114,000		48,420	162,420
				03/01/31		120,000		43,290	163,290
				03/01/32		125,000		37,890	162,890
				03/01/33		131,000		32,266	163,266
				03/01/34		137,000		26,370	163,370
				03/01/35		143,000		20,206	163,206
				03/01/36		149,000		13,770	162,770
				03/01/37		158,000		7,066	165,066
					_	2,777,000		2,605,830	5,382,830

SCHEDULE OF INDEBTEDNESS (CONTINUED)

JUNE 30, 2004

	DATE OF ISSUE			INTEREST RATE	DATE OF MATURITY		PRINCIPAL		INTEREST		AMOUNT OF TOTAL OUTSTANDING	
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT DEBT:												
ENTERPRISE FUNDS (CONTINUED) 1996B Sanitary Sewer System Revenue Bonds	03/04/97	\$	650,000	4.50%	03/01/05	\$	8,000	\$	27,046	\$	35,046	
1990B Samitary Sewer System Revenue Bonds	03/04/77	•	000,000		03/01/06		9,000		26,686		35,686	
					03/01/07		9,000		26,280		35,280	
					03/01/08		9,000		25,876		34,876	
					03/01/09		10,000		25,470		35,470	
					03/01/10		10,000		25,020		35,020	
					03/01/11		11,000		24,570		35,570	
					03/01/12		11,000		24,076		35,076	
					03/01/13		12,000		23,580		35,580	
					03/01/14		12,000		23,040		35,040	
					03/01/15		13,000		22,500		35,500	
					03/01/16		13,000		21,916		34,916	
					03/01/17		14,000		21,330		35,330	
					03/01/18		15,000		20,700		35,700	
					03/01/19		15,000		20,026		35,026	
					03/01/20		16,000		19,350		35,350	
					03/01/21		17,000		18,630		35,630	
					03/01/22		17,000		17,866		34,866	
					03/01/23		18,000		17,100		35,100	
					03/01/24		19,000		16,290		35,290	
					03/01/25		20,000		15,436		35,436	
					03/01/26		21,000		14,536		35,536	
					03/01/27		22,000		13,590		35,590	
					03/01/28		23,000		12,600		35,600	
					03/01/29		24,000		11,566		35,566	
					03/01/30		25,000		10,486		35,486	
					03/01/31		26,000		9,360		35,360	
					03/01/32		27,000		8,190		35,190	
					03/01/33		28,000		6,976		34,976	
					03/01/34		30,000		5,716		35,716	
					03/01/35		31,000		4,366		35,366	
					03/01/36		32,000		2,970		34,970	
					03/01/37		33,000		1,530		34,530	
						_	600,000		564,674		1,164,674	

SCHEDULE OF INDEBTEDNESS (CONTINUED)

JUNE 30, 2004

PRIMARY GOVERNMENT DEBT:	DATE OF ISSUE		IOUNT ISSUE	INTEREST RATE	DATE OF MATURITY	PRINCIPAL	INTEREST	AMOUNT OF TOTAL OUTSTANDING
ENTERPRISE FUNDS (CONTINUED) 2002 Water Supply System Revenue Bonds	09/01/02	s	750,000	4.5 - 4.8%	09/01/04	\$ 25,000	\$ 34,800	\$ 59,800
			•		09/01/05	25,000	33,600	58,600
					09/01/06	25,000	32,400	57,400
					09/01/07	30,000	31,200	61,200
					09/01/08	30,000	29,760	59,760
					09/01/09	30,000	28,320	58,320
					09/01/10	30,000	26,880	56,880
					09/01/11	35,000	25,440	60,440
					09/01/12	35,000	23,760	58,760
					09/01/13	35,000	22,080	57,080
					09/01/14	40,000	20,400	60,400
					09/01/15	40,000	18,480	58,480
					09/01/16	40,000	16,560	56,560
					09/01/17	45,000	14,640	59,640
					09/01/18	45,000	12,480	57,480
					09/01/19	50,000	10,320	60,320
					09/01/20	50,000	7,920	57,920
					09/01/21	55,000	5,520	60,520
					09/01/22	60,000	2,880	62,880
						725,000	397,440	1,122,440
TOTAL ENTERPRISE FUNDS BONDS					-	4,102,000	3,567,944	7,669,944
TOTAL LONG-TERM DEBT-PRIMARY GOVERNM	ENT				-	6,591,338	4,714,570	11,305,908
COMPONENT UNIT DEBT General Obligation Limited Tax Streetscape	08/28/97		450,000	2.9. 4.70/	04/01/05	65.000	4.000	71.000
Development Bonds, Series 1997	00/20/9/		450,000	3.8 - 4.7%	04/01/05 04/01/06	65,000	6,280	71,280
Development Bonds, Series 1777					04/01/06	70,000	3,290	73,290
					-	135,000	9,570	144,570
						\$ 6,726,338	\$ 4,724,140	\$ 11,450,478
TOTAL LONG-TERM DEBT - REPORTING ENTITY	Y				-			

(Concluded)

INTERNAL CONTROL AND COMPLIANCE

An Independent Member of Baker Tilly International

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

July 23, 2004

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council Cedar Springs, Michigan

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Cedar Springs, Michigan, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2004 which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents, and have issued our report thereon dated July 23, 2004. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Compliance

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City of Cedar Springs, Michigan's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the City of Cedar Springs, Michigan's internal control over financial reporting in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control over financial reporting. Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the City Council, management, federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Rehmann Lohan